



## **“STUDY OF SOLUTE-SOLVENT INTERACTION OF O-BENZO QUINONE WITH AQUEOUS ORGANIC SOLVENT”**

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### **ABSTRACT**

*Ultrasonic velocity , Density and viscosity measurements have been used to calculate Isentropic Compressibility ( $\beta_s$ ) , Intermolecular free length ( $L_f$ ) , Ultrasound velocity (V) , Density ( $\rho$ ) , Excess Viscosity ( $\eta$ ) , specific acoustic Impedance ( $\tau$ ) , Rao's Constant (R) , Shear's Relaxation Time ( $\tau_s$ ) , Apparent molal adiabatic Compressibility ( $\mathcal{E}_k$ ) , and Excess Value ( $A^E$ ) , of solution of O-Benzene Quinone in aqueous organic solvents such as THF and Di Methyl Sulphoxide. In each case ultrasound velocity increase and isentropic compressibility ( $\beta_s$ ) Decreases , Intermolecular free length ( $L_f$ ), Density ( $\rho$ ) increase and viscosity decreases with increases in molar concentration of O-Benzene Quinone. As Usual apparent molal adiabatic compressibility ( $\mathcal{E}_k$ ), has been found to be negative. The Result has been interpreted in terms of ion-solvent interaction on the basis of acoustic properties.*

### **INTRODUCTION**

Quinones- Any class of Aromatic yellow compounds including several that are biologically important as coenzymes or acceptors or vitamins; use in making dyes. Present work covers extensive survey of physic-chemical and solvolytic studies of some Quinones in aqueous organic solvents such as THF & DMSO system study at various temp. ( $30^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $35^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  ) with various

parameter. Qualitative determination of the degree of association in liquids to study the behavior of binary liquid mixture by measuring the sound velocity and related properties. Present work is reporting of the dissolved ion with water molecules and reporting the finding of a study of a ultrasound velocity , density and viscosity measurement to calculate isentropic compressibility ( $\beta_s$ ) , intermolecular free length ( $L_f$ ) , molar volume ( $M_v$ ) , Rao's Constant ( $R$ ) , apparent molar adiabatic compressibility ( $\varepsilon_k$ ) , Shear's Relaxation Time ( $\tau_s$ ) of Quinone in solvent.

Wave interferometric technique was employed for the measurement of ultrasonic Velocity. The Density and Viscosity were determined using a vibrating dentiometer. The Experiment was repeated and result were reproducible with experimental error of 0.0002 KgM<sup>-3</sup> and 0.0002 mPas Respectively.

### **Details of Various Physical Parameter: -**

$$R = [M/\rho \cdot V^{1/3}] \quad , \quad L_f = K \sqrt{\beta_s} \quad , \quad \beta_s = [1/V^2 \cdot P]$$

$$Z = [V \cdot \rho \cdot 10^3] \quad , \quad R_A = (\rho / \rho_0) \cdot (V / V_0)^{1/3} \quad , \quad \tau_s = 4/3 \eta \cdot \beta_s$$

$$\varepsilon_k = [1000/(C \cdot \rho_0)] \cdot (\rho_0 \cdot \beta_s - \beta_{so} \cdot \rho) + (\beta_{so} \cdot M / \rho_0)$$

$$s_n = n_1 / n_2 [1 - \beta_s / \beta_{so}]$$

Where , V- Ultra Sound Velocity , Z – specific Acoustic Impedance , R – Molar Sound Velocity ,  $R_A$  – Relative Association ,  $\tau_s$  – Shear's Relaxation Time ,  $\varepsilon_k$  – Apparent Molal Compressibility and  $s_n$  - Solvation Number ,  $\rho_0$  and  $\beta_{so}$  are Density and Compressibility of pure solvent ,  $\rho$  and  $\beta_s$  are Density and Compressibility of the solution , C is the Concentration in Mol/L of Solute , M is the molecular Weight of solute and  $n_1$  ,  $n_2$  are moles of solute and solvent.

### **Result and Discussion -**

Present work covers an extensive survey of physic-chemical and solvolytic study of Quinone in aqueous organic solvent such as THF and DMSO. All the system studied at various temperatures (30, 35, 40°C).we have reported ultrasound velocity (V) and Viscosity ( $\eta$ ) of binary liquid mixture with experimental data , The following thermodynamic and acoustic properties like

Isentropic compressibility ( $\beta_S$ ) , intermolecular free length ( $L_f$ ) , Molar Volume ( $M_v$ ) , Shear's Relaxation Time ( $\tau_s$ ) have been calculated.

The ultrasound velocity and concentration and Molar sound velocity Reported in Table 1-6 as well on Fig. 1-8. The ultrasound velocity of the solution of O-Benzo Quinone in THF and DMSO increase with increasing Molar Concentration of O-Benzo Quinone in THF and DMSO Solvents.

**Table 1 : O-Benzo Quinone + THF at 30<sup>0</sup> C**

Isentropic Compressibility of THF =  $76.81 \times 10^{12}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>

C (mole/L )	$\rho$ (gm/ml)	V (m/sec )	$\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /dy ne. $10^{12}$ )	$\beta_{so} - \beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /dy ne. $10^{12}$ )	$\eta$ (CP)	$\eta_{sp}$ (CP)	$\tau$ (Sec.)	$Z \times 10^{-5}$	R (m/sec )	S <sub>n</sub>	L <sub>f</sub>	$\beta_s - \beta_{so}/C$ ( $10^{12}$ )	M <sub>v</sub>
0.0216	0.7557	1243	85.65	0.52	0.1874	0.0040	32.9653	0.9393	861.75	0.1004	0.5891	-24.0381	11.1292
0.0432	0.7578	1245	85.13	1.04	0.2682	0.0116	33.0110	0.9435	864.67	0.2007	0.5873	-24.0169	11.5064
0.0649	0.7600	1247	84.62	1.55	0.2953	0.0192	33.0560	0.9477	867.61	0.3003	0.5855	-23.9243	11.8832
0.0865	0.7622	1249	84.11	2.06	0.3087	0.0267	33.0991	0.9519	870.54	0.3989	0.5837	-23.8441	12.2561
0.1021	0.7643	1251	83.60	2.57	0.3168	0.0342	33.1409	0.9562	873.48	0.4967	0.5820	-23.7573	12.6269
0.1297	0.7665	1253	83.10	3.07	0.3221	0.0418	33.1814	0.9604	876.41	0.5937	0.5802	-23.6675	12.9956

0.1513	0.7686	1255	82.60	3.57	0.3260	0.0493	33.2207	0.9646	879.35	0.6899	0.5785	-23.5764	13.3622
0.1730	0.7708	1257	82.11	4.06	0.3289	0.0596	33.2594	0.9689	882.30	0.7856	0.5768	-23.4773	13.7285
0.1946	0.7730	1259	81.62	4.55	0.3311	0.0644	33.2962	0.9732	885.24	0.8802	0.5750	-23.3862	14.0910
0.2162	0.7751	1261	81.13	5.04	0.3329	0.0720	33.3319	0.9774	888.19	0.9741	0.5733	-23.2950	14.4516

**Table 2 : O-Benzo Quinone + THF at 35 ° C**

Isentropic Compressibility of THF =  $86.17 \times 10^{12}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>

C (mole/ L)	ρ (gm/ml )	V (m/se c)	β <sub>s</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> / dyne. $10^{12}$ )	β <sub>so-</sub> β <sub>s</sub> (cm <sup>2</sup> / dyne. $10^{12}$ )	η (CP)	η <sub>SP</sub> (CP)	τ (Sec.)	Zx10 <sup>-5</sup>	R (m/sec )	S <sub>n</sub>	L <sub>f</sub>	β <sub>s</sub> - β <sub>so/C</sub> ( $10^{12}$ )	M <sub>v</sub>
0.0216	0.7557	1243	85.65	0.52	0.1874	0.0040	32.9653	0.9393	861.75	0.100 4	0.589 1	-24.0381	11.129 2

<i>0.0432</i>	<i>0.7578</i>	<i>1245</i>	<i>85.13</i>	<i>1.04</i>	<i>0.2682</i>	<i>0.0116</i>	<i>33.0110</i>	<i>0.9435</i>	<i>864.67</i>	<i>0.200</i>	<i>0.587</i>	<i>-24.0169</i>	<i>11.506</i>
<i>0.0649</i>	<i>0.7600</i>	<i>1247</i>	<i>84.62</i>	<i>1.55</i>	<i>0.2953</i>	<i>0.0192</i>	<i>33.0560</i>	<i>0.9477</i>	<i>867.61</i>	<i>0.300</i>	<i>0.585</i>	<i>-23.9243</i>	<i>11.883</i>
<i>0.0865</i>	<i>0.7622</i>	<i>1249</i>	<i>84.11</i>	<i>2.06</i>	<i>0.3087</i>	<i>0.0267</i>	<i>33.0991</i>	<i>0.9519</i>	<i>870.54</i>	<i>0.398</i>	<i>0.583</i>	<i>-23.8441</i>	<i>12.256</i>
<i>0.1021</i>	<i>0.7643</i>	<i>1251</i>	<i>83.60</i>	<i>2.57</i>	<i>0.3168</i>	<i>0.0342</i>	<i>33.1409</i>	<i>0.9562</i>	<i>873.48</i>	<i>0.496</i>	<i>0.582</i>	<i>-23.7573</i>	<i>12.626</i>
<i>0.1297</i>	<i>0.7665</i>	<i>1253</i>	<i>83.10</i>	<i>3.07</i>	<i>0.3221</i>	<i>0.0418</i>	<i>33.1814</i>	<i>0.9604</i>	<i>876.41</i>	<i>0.593</i>	<i>0.580</i>	<i>-23.6675</i>	<i>12.995</i>
<i>0.1513</i>	<i>0.7686</i>	<i>1255</i>	<i>82.60</i>	<i>3.57</i>	<i>0.3260</i>	<i>0.0493</i>	<i>33.2207</i>	<i>0.9646</i>	<i>879.35</i>	<i>0.689</i>	<i>0.578</i>	<i>-23.5764</i>	<i>13.362</i>
<i>0.1730</i>	<i>0.7708</i>	<i>1257</i>	<i>82.11</i>	<i>4.06</i>	<i>0.3289</i>	<i>0.0596</i>	<i>33.2594</i>	<i>0.9689</i>	<i>882.30</i>	<i>0.785</i>	<i>0.576</i>	<i>-23.4773</i>	<i>13.728</i>
<i>0.1946</i>	<i>0.7730</i>	<i>1259</i>	<i>81.62</i>	<i>4.55</i>	<i>0.3311</i>	<i>0.0644</i>	<i>33.2962</i>	<i>0.9732</i>	<i>885.24</i>	<i>0.880</i>	<i>0.575</i>	<i>-23.3862</i>	<i>14.091</i>
<i>0.2162</i>	<i>0.7751</i>	<i>1261</i>	<i>81.13</i>	<i>5.04</i>	<i>0.3329</i>	<i>0.0720</i>	<i>33.3319</i>	<i>0.9774</i>	<i>888.19</i>	<i>0.974</i>	<i>0.573</i>	<i>-23.2950</i>	<i>14.451</i>
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**Table 3 : O-Benzo Quinone + THF at 40<sup>0</sup> C**Isentropic Compressibility of THF =  $86.17 \times 10^{12}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>

C (mole/L )	$\rho$ (gm/ml )	V (m/se c)	$\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /d yne.10 <sup>12</sup> )	$\beta_{so-}\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> / dyne. $10^{12}$ )	$\eta$ (CP)	$\eta_{sp}$ (CP)	$\tau$ (Sec.)	$Z \times 10^{-5}$	R (m/se c)	S <sub>n</sub>	L <sub>f</sub>	$\beta_s - \beta_{so}/C$ (10 <sup>12</sup> )	M <sub>v</sub>
0.0216	0.6942	1225	96.00	0.61	0.2170	0.0047	31.9563	0.8503	787.7 7	0.105 3	0.629 0	-28.2714	12.15 49
0.0432	0.6963	1227	95.39	1.22	0.3105	0.0134	32.0281	0.8544	790.6 5	0.210 5	0.627 0	-28.2450	12.60 17
0.0649	0.6985	1229	94.78	1.83	0.3418	0.0222	32.0990	0.8584	793.5 5	0.315 0	0.625 0	-28.1322	13.04 79
0.0865	0.7007	1231	94.19	2.42	0.3573	0.0309	32.1674	0.8625	796.4 4	0.418 3	0.623 1	-28.0321	13.48 93
0.1021	0.7028	1233	93.59	3.02	0.3667	0.0396	32.2341	0.8666	799.3 2	0.520 8	0.621 1	-27.9242	13.92 79
0.1297	0.7050	1235	93.00	3.61	0.3729	0.0484	32.2992	0.8706	802.2 1	0.622 3	0.619 1	-27.8128	14.36 39
0.1513	0.7071	1237	92.42	4.19	0.3773	0.0571	32.3627	0.8747	805.1 0	0.723 0	0.617 2	-27.6998	14.79 72
0.1730	0.7093	1239	91.84	4.77	0.3807	0.0659	32.4253	0.8788	808.0 1	0.823 1	0.615 2	-27.5777	15.22 98
0.1946	0.7115	1241	91.27	5.34	0.3833	0.0746	32.4856	0.8829	810.9 1	0.922 0	0.613 3	-27.4648	15.65 78

0.2162	0.7136	1243	90.70	5.91	0.3854	0.0833	32.5443	0.8870	813.8 1	1.020 2	0.611 4	-27.3518	16.08 33
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**Table 4: O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO at 30 °C**

Isentropic Compressibility of DMSO =  $41.79 \times 10^{12}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>

C (mole/ L)	ρ (gm/ ml)	V (m/se c)	$\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /d yne.10 <sup>12</sup> )	$\beta_{so}-\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> / dyne. $10^{12}$ )	η (CP)	$\eta_{sp}$ (CP)	τ (Sec.)	Zx10 <sup>-5</sup>	R (m/sec)	S <sub>n</sub>	L <sub>f</sub>	$\beta_s - \beta_{so}/C$ (10 <sup>12</sup> )	M <sub>v</sub>
0.0216 2	1.253 2	1401	40.65	1.14	0.0357	0.0008	159.1611 7	1.755	1499.70 6	0.679 3	0.402	-52.5923	5.1374
0.0432 3	1.255 3	1403	40.47	1.32	0.0349	0.0015	158.5588 2	1.761	1502.92 4	0.789 4	0.401	-30.5471	7.1174
0.0649 5	1.257 5	1405	40.28	1.51	0.0346	0.0022	157.9492 8	1.766	1506.27 6	0.900 5	0.400	-23.1953	6.7655
0.0865 6	1.259 6	1407	40.10	1.69	0.0345	0.0030	157.3515 3	1.772	1509.50 1	1.009 6	0.399	-19.5004	7.4795
0.1021 8	1.261 8	1409	39.92	1.87	0.0344	0.0037	156.7466 9	1.777	1512.86 9	1.118 7	0.398	-17.3014	7.2323
0.1297 0	1.264 0	1411	39.74	2.05	0.0344	0.0045	156.1451 5	1.783	1516.21 0	1.228 8	0.397	-15.8261	7.1140

0.1513 1	1.266	1413	39.56	2.23	0.0343	0.0052	155.5592 0	1.789	1519.45	1.334 5	0.396 9	-14.7441	7.5848
0.1730 3	1.268	1415	39.38	2.41	0.0343	0.0059	154.9642 6	1.794	1522.80	1.442 3	0.396 0	-13.9362	7.5652
0.1946 5	1.270	1417	39.20	2.59	0.0343	0.0067	154.3725 3	1.800	1526.16	1.549 4	0.395 1	-13.3096	7.5399
0.2162 6	1.272	1419	39.03	2.76	0.0342	0.0074	153.7961 8	1.805	1529.41	1.654 1	0.394 2	-12.7889	7.9043

**Table 5: O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO at 35 °C**

Isentropic Compressibility of DMSO =  $44.74 \times 10^{12}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>

C (mole/ L)	$\rho$ (gm/ ml)	V (m/se c)	$\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> / dyne. $10^{12}$ )	$\beta_{so-}\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> / dyne. $10^{12}$ )	$\eta$ (CP)	$\eta_{sp}$ (CP)	$\tau$ (Sec.)	$Z \times 10^{-5}$	R (m/sec )	S <sub>n</sub>	L <sub>f</sub>	$\beta_s - \beta_{so}/C$ ( $10^{12}$ )	M <sub>v</sub>
0.0216 5	1.189	1385	43.83	0.91	0.0204	0.000 4	154.435 3	1.647 4	1417.9 8	0.5097 4	0.421	-42.2305	6.8974
0.0432 6	1.191	1387	43.62	1.12	0.0291	0.001 3	153.836 6	1.652 8	1421.2 4	0.6246 4	0.420	-25.8744	7.0501

0.0649	1.193 8	1389	43.42	1.32	0.0320	0.002 1	153.241 3	1.658 2	1424.5 0	0.7388	0.419 4	-20.3710	7.3314
0.0865	1.195 9	1391	43.21	1.53	0.0335	0.002 9	152.649 3	1.663 6	1427.7 7	0.8522	0.418 4	-17.6313	7.4506
0.1021	1.198 1.	1393	43.01	1.73	0.0344	0.003 7	152.060 6	1.669 0	1431.0 3	0.9649	0.417 4	-15.9747	7.5821
0.1297	1.200 3	1395	42.81	1.93	0.0350	0.004 5	151.475 2	1.674 4	1434.3 0	1.0770	0.416 5	-14.8602	7.7196
0.1513	1.202 4	1397	42.61	2.13	0.0354	0.005 4	150.893 1	1.679 8	1437.5 7	1.1883	0.415 5	-14.0557	7.8603
0.1730	1.204 6	1399	42.42	2.32	0.0357	0.006 2	150.314 2	1.685 2	1440.8 4	1.2990	0.414 5	-13.4372	8.0507
0.1946	1.206 8	1401	42.22	2.52	0.0359	0.007 0	149.738 5	1.690 7	1444.1 2	1.4089	0.413 6	-12.9570	8.1888
0.2162	1.208 9	1403	42.02	2.72	0.0361	0.007 8	149.166 0	1.696 1	1447.3 9	1.5182	0.412 6	-12.5670	8.3285

**Table 6: O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO at 40<sup>0</sup> C**Isentropic Compressibility of DMSO =  $46.65 \times 10^{12}$  dyne/cm<sup>2</sup>

C (mole/L)	$\rho$ (gm/ml)	V (m/sec)	$\beta_s$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /dyne.10 <sup>12</sup> )	$\beta_{so-\beta_s}$ (cm <sup>2</sup> /dyne.10 <sup>12</sup> )	$\eta$ (CP)	$\eta_{sp}$ (CP)	$\tau$ (Sec.)	Zx10 <sup>-5</sup>	R (m/sec)	S <sub>n</sub>	L <sub>f</sub>	$\beta_s - \beta_{so}/C$ (10 <sup>12</sup> )	M <sub>v</sub>
0.021 6	1.127 8	1381	46.49	0.16	- 0.5155	- 0.0111	143.88 67	1.557 4	1343.1 3	0.0837	0.43 78	- 7.2308	- 492.4913
0.043 2	1.129 9	1383	46.27	0.38	- 0.2365	- 0.0102	143.32 97	1.562 7	1346.3 6	0.2032	0.43 67	- 8.7793	- 241.4283
0.064 9	1.132 1	1385	46.05	0.60	- 0.1432	- 0.0093	142.77 59	1.567 9	1349.5 8	0.3220	0.43 57	- 9.2590	- 157.2369
0.086 5	1.134 2	1387	45.83	0.82	- 0.0968	- 0.0084	142.22 52	1.573 2	1352.8 1	0.4401	0.43 46	- 9.4929	- 115.4009
0.102 1	1.136 4	1389	45.61	1.04	- 0.0689	- 0.0075	141.67 76	1.578 5	1356.0 4	0.5573	0.43 36	- 9.6203	- 90.2178
0.129 7	1.138 6	1391	45.39	1.26	- 0.0503	- 0.0065	141.13 30	1.583 8	1359.2 7	0.6738	0.43 25	- 9.6945	- 73.3680

0.151 3	1.140 7	1393	45.18	1.47	-0.0371	-0.0056	140.59 16	1.589 0	1362.5 0	0.7896	0.43	-9.7384	-61.2825
0.173 0	1.142 9	1395	44.96	1.69	-0.0271	-0.0047	140.05 32	1.594 3	1365.7 4	0.9047	0.43	-9.7577	-52.0899
0.194 6	1.145 1	1397	44.75	1.90	-0.0194	-0.0038	139.51 77	1.599 6	1368.9 8	1.0190	0.42	-9.7707	-44.9835
0.216 2	1.147 2	1399	44.54	2.11	-0.0132	-0.0028	138.98 53	1.605 0	1372.2 2	1.1325	0.42	-9.7748	-39.2650

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + T.H.F.**

**Molar Velocity Vs Concentration**

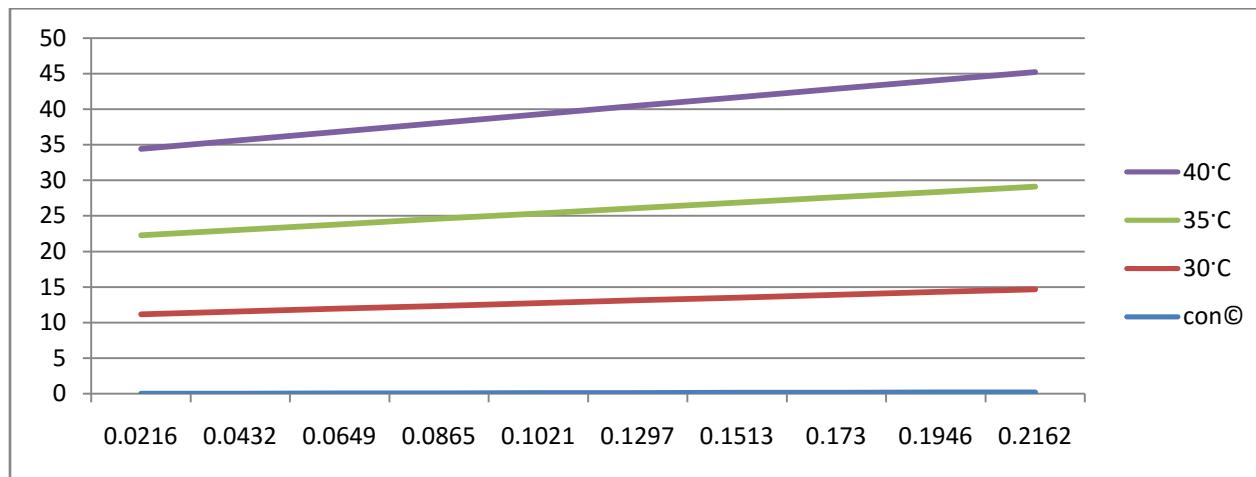


Fig.-1

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + T.H.F.**

**Ultra Sound Velocity Vs Concentration**

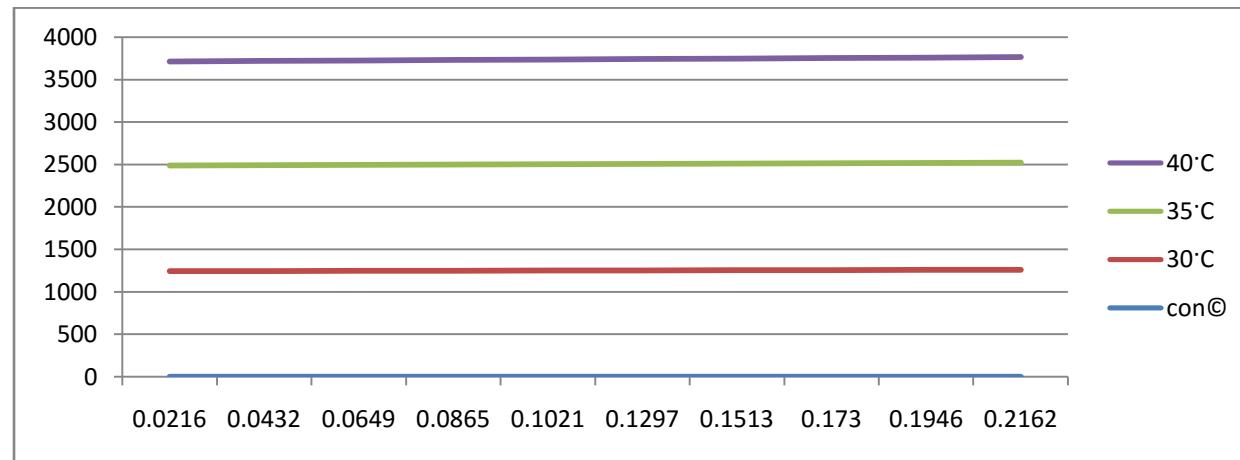


Fig.-2

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + T.H.F.**

**Viscosity Vs Concentration**

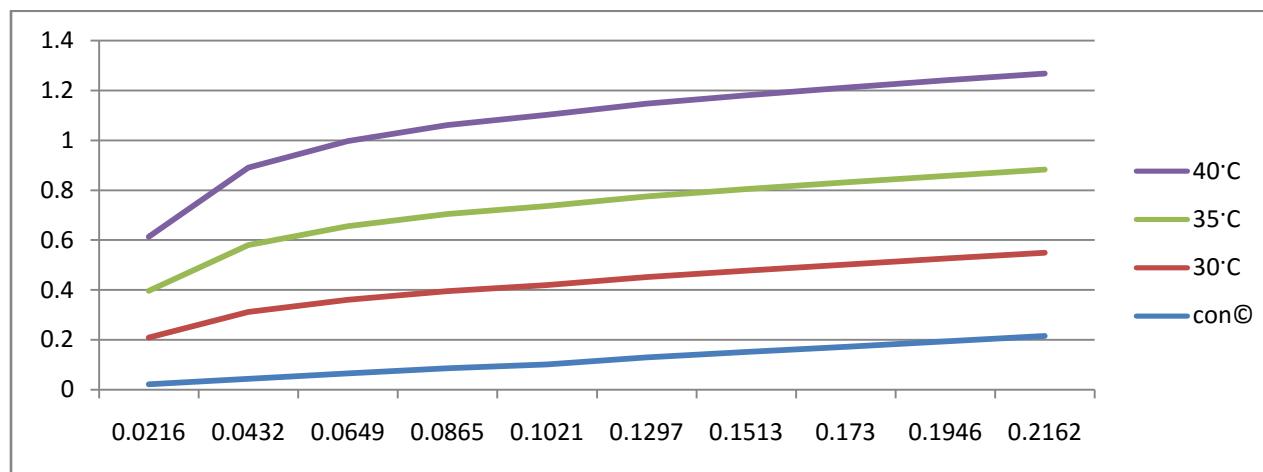


Fig.-3

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + T.H.F.**

**Lowering Compressibility Vs Concentration**

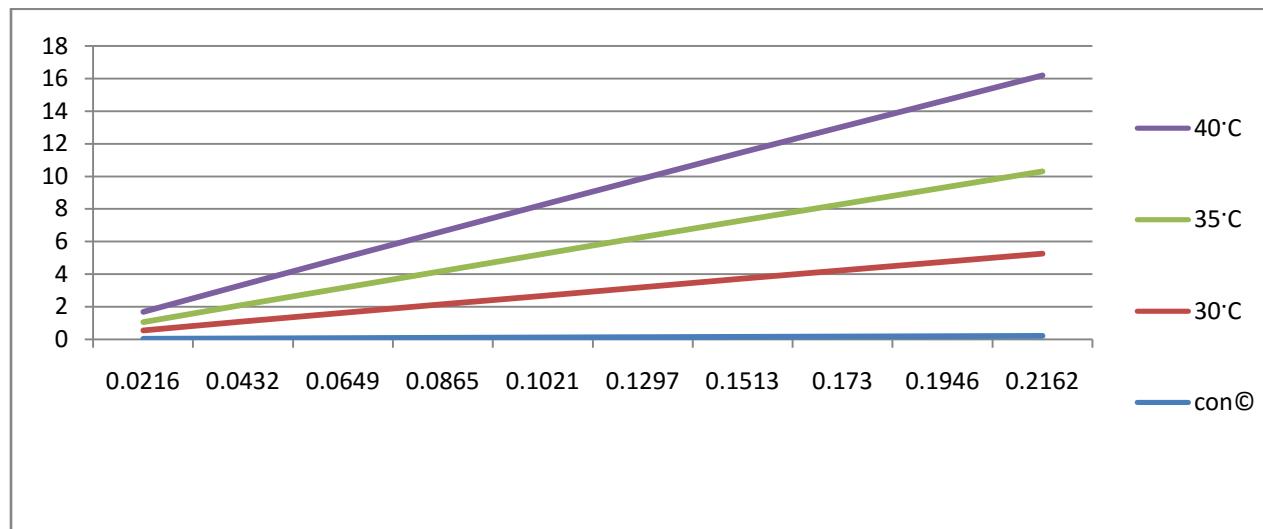


Fig.-4

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO**

**Molar Velocity Vs Concentration**

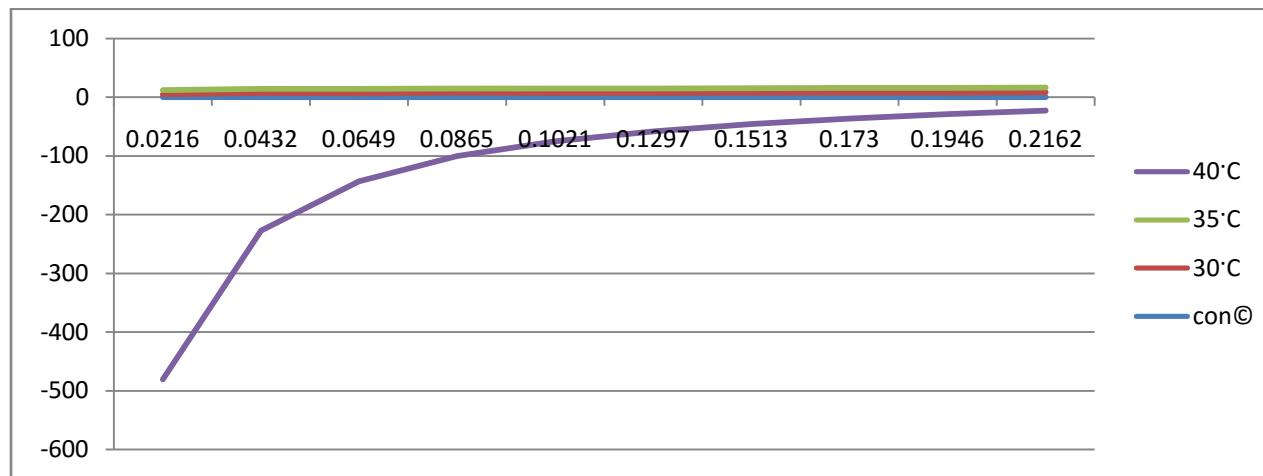


Fig.-5

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO**

**Ultra Sound Velocity Vs Concentration**

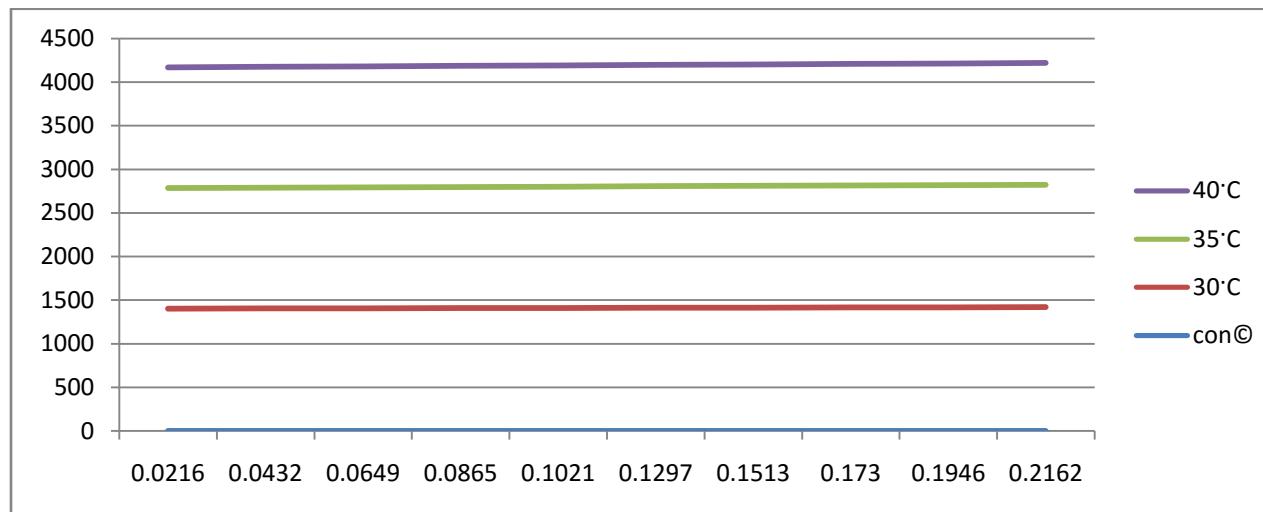


Fig.-6

**system: O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO**

**Viscosity Vs Concentration**

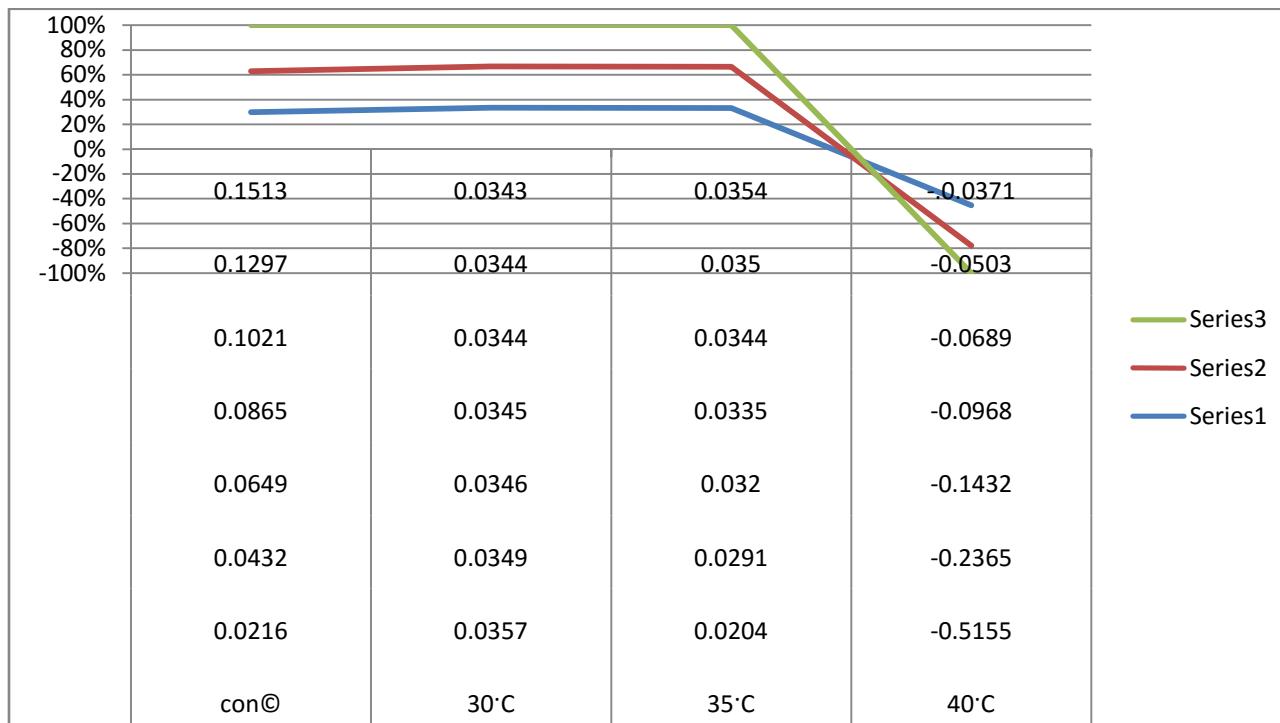


Fig.-7

**System : O-Benzo Quinone + DMSO**

**Lowering Compressibility Vs Concentration**

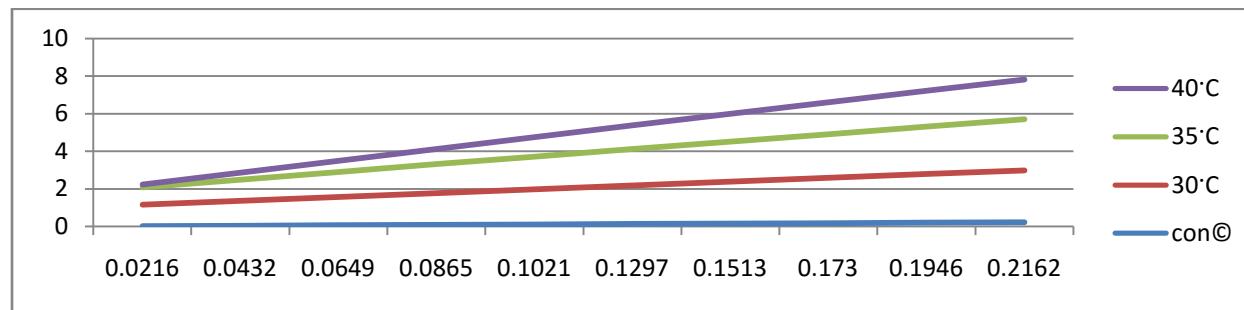


Fig.-8

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